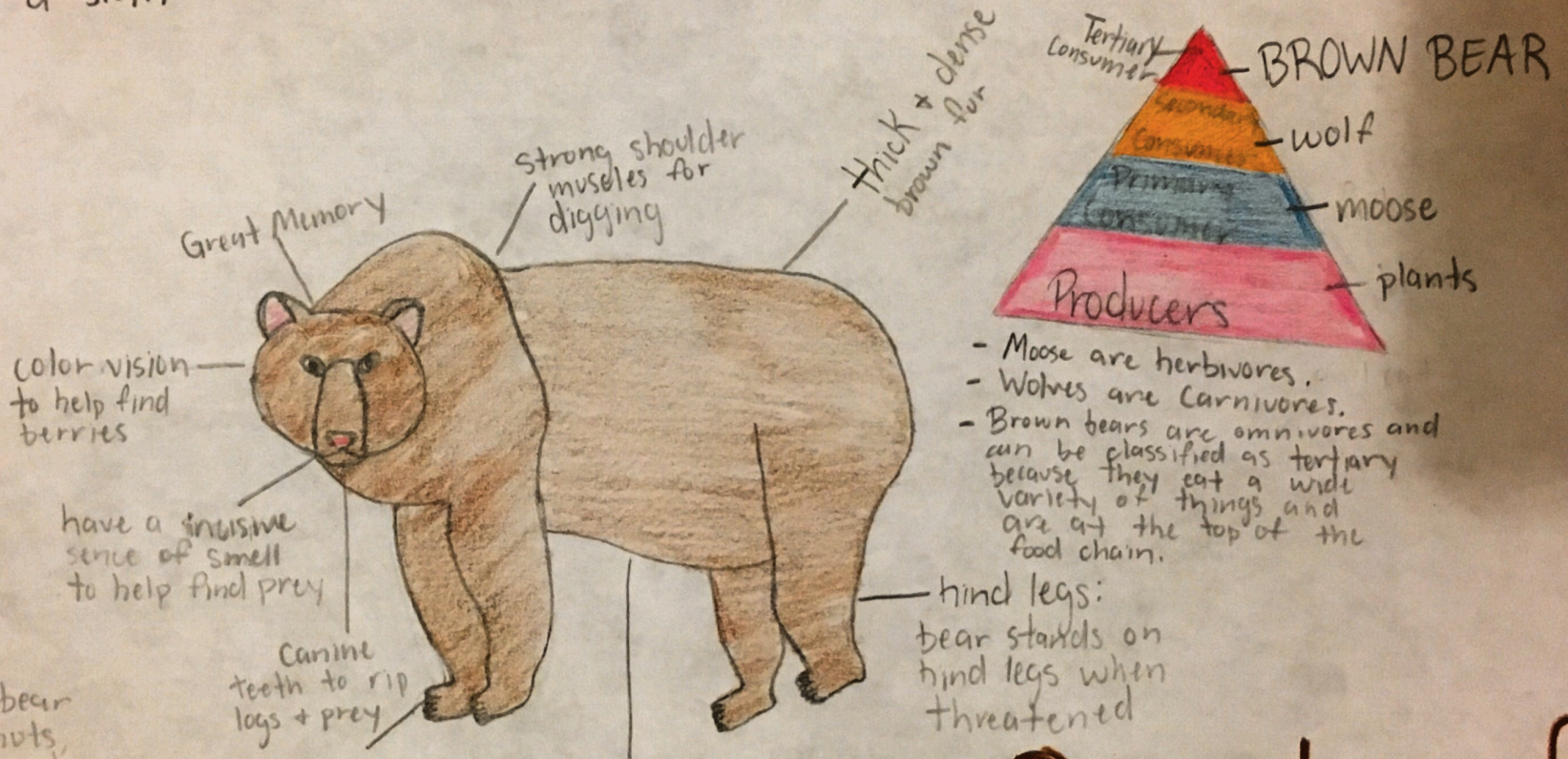


Scientific name is *Ursus arctos*.

A group of brown bears is called a sloth.



The brown bear eats berries, nuts, honey, fish, and sometimes other animals! Kill after he/she scares them off.

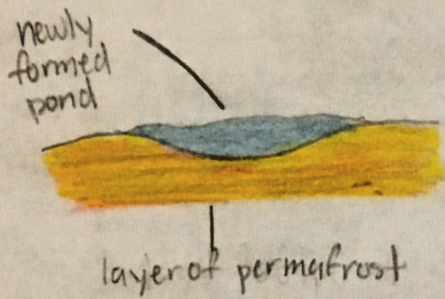
They play an omnivore in their ecosystem (niche).

Females give birth between January and March. Cubs are 1 lb., blind, and almost hairless when born, but reach 20 lb. by spring when they leave the den.

Description of Brown Bear

How the environment affects Brown Bears:

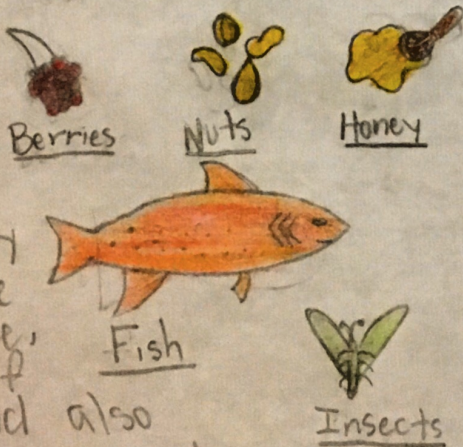
- There are many lakes in the East Siberian Taiga. Therefore, there are many places for the bear to drink water. In addition, where permafrost is frozen, water does not go down into the soil. Ponds are formed.



Prediction:

I predict that if other organism populations were to decrease, the brown bear would remain about the same because of their wide variety in food. If space were to decrease, the population of brown bear would also decrease because competition would grow higher.

- The brown bear eats mainly:



- Bears are always in water. They are excellent swimmers. Most of the times bears are in water to catch fish.

Prediction:

If the brown bear were to change habitat the population would remain about the same because brown bear can live almost anywhere.

- The East Siberian Taiga is the home of the largest brown bear population in all of Russia. There is plenty of space and very little competition for the brown bear population.
- Cubs are great climbers. They usually climb trees to escape predators.
- Fully grown brown bears do not climb trees. They are too heavy.

